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#### Introduction

Therese Decker has in her part of our introduction to this edition described various kinds of "translation" involved in making the literature of an earlier age accessible to a modern audience. In my part of our introduction I want to describe the course at Baylor University in which my graduate students studied *Boss for Three Days*, performed it, and then wrote a series of papers, or critical "translations," for presentation at a medieval conference. Those papers were early drafts of the six papers presented at the end of this volume. I also want to discuss certain decisions that my students and I made in adapting *Boss for Three Days* for an actual performance in modern English.

A course and a conference. While serving as the Robert Foster Cherry Distinguished Teaching Professor at Baylor University during the 1995-96 academic year, I had the opportunity to teach a graduate seminar in medieval drama. Most of the plays we read were English morality plays (such as Everyman) and biblical dramas (such as Noah and The Second Shepherds' Play), but I also wanted to give my students some sense both that there was a Continental tradition in medieval drama and that there was some secular drama even in the fourteenth century. At that time the translations of the plays in the Hulthem manuscript had not yet been made available in the separate editions of Theresia De Vroom or Johanna Prins, but I was fortunate enough, thanks to the generous cooperation of Therese Decker, to give my students translations of a couple of the abele spelen and the short farces.

For my students these plays were in some ways the high point of the course. They liked these plays partly because they were so refreshingly secular in an age dominated by plays designed to teach a proper Christian message, and partly because we had a sense that we were among the first modern audiences to have a chance to read these plays.

We were so delighted with the short farce about a man who barters for three days of lordship over his wife that we decided to share the play in a short readers' theater production for members of the English department at Baylor. The actors asked whether they could write one of their course papers on the play, and of course I encouraged them to do so.

Later, with my students' encouragement, I offered to sponsor a readers' theater production of the play at the fall 1996 joint meeting of the Southeast Medieval Association and the Texas Medieval Association. Part of the program would also include versions of my students' papers, revised for oral delivery, as well as an introductory paper by Therese Decker giving certain background information about this Middle Dutch play and the problems she encountered in translating it.

The SEMA/TEMA program committee accepted our offer. By then I was back at my home university in Bethlehem, Pennsylvania, but with the help of e-mail suggestions by me and creative on-site direction by Amanda Bunt, one of my graduate students in that class, the play went off delightfully. Therese Decker and I arrived the day of the performance, but enjoyed basking in the warm afterglow of a spirited performance, with Richard Garrett as the Messenger, Kevin Cole as the henpecked husband Jan, Kirsten Escobar as his wife Bette, Stephen Cooper as the neighbor

Imbrecht, and Amy Bawcom as his wife Lijsbet. Another student, Warren Edminster, and I served as the hecklers-from-the-audience, hurling disgusting noises, insults and other inappropriate comments on the action of the play. All in all, it made a delightful evening's entertainment.

Acting version of Boss for Three Days. In preparing for that entertainment, our first task was to devise an acting version. Therese Decker's literal translation provided a basis for our own understanding of the play and for the interpretations and quotations in the students' papers, but was a bit stiff and stilted for a dramatic production in front of an audience unfamiliar with the play. We suggested ways to loosen and modernize the language and checked our changes with Therese Decker to make sure we were keeping close at least to the spirit of the original. She made some additional suggestions herself.

In making decisions about how to produce the play, we had nothing to go on except the manuscript, but that offered no stage directions. All we knew was who said what. The rest--how they said it, who they said it to, where they were when they said it, what they meant when they said it--we had to figure out for ourselves.

Relatively little is known for sure about how secular Dutch drama was performed in the fourteenth century, but there is some evidence in the play itself that this farce was to be performed on a raised platform in a busy marketplace in which many members of the audience would be noisy and inebriated. We noted, for example, that the Messenger has to quiet the audience down, and that in his long opening speech, the neighbor Imbrecht speaks of performing the play "way above your heads" (13). In that line is a likely double reference. First, it seems to refer to the actors' physical presence on a platform raised above the heads of the stand-up audience. Second, it seems to be a direct insult to the audience by hinting that the simple farce that is to follow is too complicated for the rustics to understand (over their heads).

Although there are no scene divisions provided in the manuscript, the action clearly shifts at several points in the play. The evidence of these shifts is subtle. In line 22, for example, during an altercation with members of the audience, Imbrecht refers to going to the tavern and sitting beside the fire. In line 141 Jan wonders how his wife Bette will react when he comes into the house. In line 203 Jan speaks of leaving home to drink beer--presumably at the same tavern. We have taken such hints and interpolated them into five short scenes culminating in a climactic sixth scene involving all four principal characters:

Scene 1: Messenger and Imbrecht in the marketplace in front of a tavern (ll. 1-51, total 51 lines, including a very brief four-line interlude in which we imagine Jan winding a skein of wool for his wife, and she castigates him for doing it wrong).

Scene 2: Imbrecht and Jan inside the tavern (ll. 52-139, total 88 lines).

Scene 3: Jan and Bette in Jan's house (ll. 140-223, total 84 lines).

Scene 4: Imbrecht and Jan in the tavern again (11. 224-58, total 35 lines).

Scene 5: Imbrecht and Lijsbet in Imbrecht's house or in the street (ll. 259-79, total 21 lines).

Scene 6: Jan, Bette, Imbrecht, and Lijsbet in Jan's house (Il. 280-405, total 126 lines).

Of these six scenes, the key ones, constituting together more than half the play, are Scenes 3 and 6, both set in Jan's house. In Scene 3 Jan makes a deal with his wife whereby in exchange for certain gifts she agrees to be totally submissive for three days. In Scene 6 Bette, noting her husband's failure to observe the terms of the agreement that no one should know about the arrangement, seizes the reins back from her silly husband and becomes boss again.

The six scenes, of course, are our own devising,

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but we found that they helped us to understand how to stage the play. To give our audiences a sense of the scenic division of the play, we had the Messenger, who otherwise has no function in the play after the opening eleven lines, hold up signs at appropriate transitions to indicate where the next scene was to take place.

The beginning and the ending of Boss for Three Days. Anyone wanting to stage a performance of Boss for Three Days has two important questions to answer. First, how are they to make sense of Imbrecht's opening speech and, second, what are they to do with the truncated ending?

In answer to the first question, we found that we could make sense of Imbrecht's opening speech only by assuming some spirited interaction with the audience standing before him in the marketplace. Imbrecht's opening speech simply does not work as the pure soliloquy it seems at first to want to be. If, however, we imagine some jeers or catcalls from the audience, possibly from men and women planted there to shout insults to the actors and demand a different play, then that opening speech suddenly works.

Imbrecht, perhaps half-drunk already, seems to be interacting with the people standing below, noisily gaping up at him. In lines 32-33 he wonders why they are staring up at him, almost as if he were being auctioned off and they were bidders. They apparently heckle him about wanting to see a different play from the one he is in, but in lines 40-41 he tells them that they are going to get this one and no other. In line 50 he asks if they think he is such a scarecrow that they need to stare at him so.

In our own production we planted some noisy commentators in the audience to interrupt Imbrecht and give him something real to react to. We tried to sound drunk as we belched drunkenly and shouted obscenities and catcalls: "Move along, ya drunken sot." "We don't want you, we want a real actor." "You're so ugly you'd scare birds out of my cornfield." "Who wants to see a

play about a man who can't keep quiet?" And when Bette in lines 42-45 complains that her husband does not perform some small task, we muttered comments like, "Hey, stand up to her, ya wimp." None of that is in the manuscript, of course, but we found that it made sense to see Imbrecht's long speech as a series of short replies to specific antagonistic remarks from the audience.

In answering the second question, about the curiously abrupt ending, we found unnecessary one standard interpretation, namely that the ending of the play, perhaps the last page or two, is lost. After discussing the ending in class, we decided that the words may well be all there, and that all that was needed was some raucous action, perhaps to be directed by a troupe leader or to be improvised, with appropriate insults and cries of pain, by the actors. Let us review the final speeches in *Boss for Three Days*.

Just before the play ends, Bette has, on the admonition of Lijsbet, agreed to stop playing the part of the submissive wife and actively resist Jan. Not knowing of her newfound resolve, Jan insists that his wife must make a better pastry than she has already made, even though Imbrecht has said that it is delicious. Imbrecht tells his wife Lijsbet that he will teach her to be a good wife, like Jan's Bette. Lijsbet says, apparently in an aside to the audience, that her husband's plan won't be put into effect. The final words given in the play are Jan's, stating his wish that Bette will be quick about coming back to carry out his orders. And there the play seems to end.

But it ends only in words, not necessarily actions. What sort of action? That would presumably be left to the director of the play or perhaps to the actors themselves, but the ending we envision requires no words.

We envision Bette coming back in with a pastry and smashing it, in a gesture of independence, on Jan's head. Her doing so would initiate a free-forall in which the wives, as in several of the other farces in the Hulthem manuscript, buffet their husbands and assert absolute control over them. There might be some speech, or at least some grunts and howls of pain, but the scene we envision is sufficiently slapstick in manner that laughter from the audience would drown out any actual words.

We have no proof, of course, that the play would end in this manner, but some ending like this seems to be almost inevitable given the characterizations of Jan and Bette, and given the general movement of the play from women-incontrol to men-in-control and back inevitably to women-in-control. Another troupe might devise a somewhat different ending, but ours worked well enough. The uncertainty about the "intended" ending, of course, coupled with the general lack of explicit stage directions in the play, suggests that individual troupes were expected to interpret for their own audiences their own ending for the play.

**Stage directions and props**. Because *Boss for Three Days* gives us no description of the stage on which it is to be acted or any explicit stage directions, we were left with certain decisions about how to produce the play.

For the stage itself we envisioned a raised platform with two main acting areas in "front" corners projecting out into the audience, one for the tavern, the other for Jan and Bette's house. We imagined both equipped with simple furniture--a table and stools, for example. We imagined all four principal characters on stage at all times, with Bette and Jan sitting in "their" part of the stage during the first two scenes, and the four-line interlude of lines 40-45 taking place just before Jan gets up and goes over to the tavern to join Imbrecht. We imagined Imbrecht's discussion with his wife before they go together to Jan's house as taking place either in their own house or in the street en route to Jan's house. That scene is so short, however, that it could take place anywhere on the stage.

For our own reader's theater production we kept actual blocking to an absolute minimum and had no furniture except the chairs the actors sat on during portions of the performance. With their scripts in their hands, they could do little in the way of creative interpretation or elaborate blocking of the action.

We did, however, write our own minimal stage directions in the written form of the acting version of the play. We indicated, for example, the start of each of the six scenes. We indicated which wife is speaking. We suggested points at which a member of the audience might interject remarks. We suggested what might be happening on stage during certain speeches and scenes. These stage directions are all bracketed in the acting version of the play below.

One of the most important stage directions we gave was to suggest which portions of the characters' speeches were to be spoken to another character on stage, and which were to be spoken as "asides" directly to the audience. In Bette's speech in lines 142-55, for example, we found that Bette's switching back and fourth from "him" to "you" suggests that she speaks some of her lines directly to the audience ("Wherever he goes, may God curse him"), while some are directed to Jan himself ("Now go, idiot, God curse you!").

The actual words of the play give some hints about costumes and props, but we sensed that the troupe performing this play would not have worn elaborate costumes or bothered with elaborate props. Some sort of fur garment is needed for Jan's bribe to convince his wife to let him be boss for three days. Also helpful would be some drinking cups, a bottle or two of beer, and something to serve as the pastry or jam tart, but that is all. For our own production the actors wore simple matching modern outfits of white shirts and tan pants. We borrowed a mangy fur stole from someone's attic, and we used simple cups and pop tarts for the drinking and eating scenes.

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Others producing the play, of course, will want to provide their own stage directions to make up for the absence of such directions in the manuscript. In doing so they will find themselves providing interpretations and actions to suit the words put into the mouths of the characters. No other production will be quite what ours was, but we think that some of the decisions we made may at least offer a starting point for others.

The six papers. Six of my students wrote and delivered papers on Boss for Three Days. Each of these can be seen as a modern "translation" of the play. In doing these translations they based their readings not on the more informal performance version we had developed, but on the more literal translation that Therese Decker had provided us. Each of the writers considers the play from a unique perspective, made all the more valuable because virtually no critical studies have yet appeared on this play. Warren Edminster, building on the work of Bakhtin, sees Boss for Three Days as a carnivalesque overturning of the usual order of things in medieval society. Kirsten Escobar considers that same overturning from a more gender-based orientation, and finds that Bette fully deserves to take control over her alcoholic and irresponsible husband.

Richard Garrett argues that the Dutch playwright portrays Imbrecht in such a way that he is not only

a character in the play, but also serves as a kind of Greek chorus, directing our attention to the meaning of the play. Amy Bawcom pays close attention to Jan's use and abuse of silence in *Boss for Three Days*, and shows that Jan's downfall comes about because his desire for silence from his wife is not matched by his own silence about the deal that had made him boss.

Amanda Bunt reads Bette's yielding the power in marriage to her husband as a form of prostitution. By accepting the fur in exchange for her submission, she is really mirroring the sexual submission that women are too often expected to make to their husbands in exchange for small favors or securities. And Kevin Cole takes a probing look at the language of the play and finds a satirical undertone in the many references to God and the saints. He also suggests that the dinner scene at the end of the play may have aluded satirically to the Communion dinner.

While not all readers will be convinced by all of these "translations," taken together these papers show that *Boss for Three Days*, for all its lighthearted broad-stroked comedy, is worthy of close reading and serious analysis. We hope that readers of this multiple edition-and-translation will want to offer their own translations of the words and actions of a lively Middle Dutch secular farce.

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#### TRANSCRIPTION AND TRANSLATION

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- 10 Nu swijcht ende hout met ghemaken Men sal hier spelen slechts ter stont

#### Ghebuer

Men sal hier spelen enen stront Boven toverst op u hoot God gheve u scande ende lachter groot

- 15 Gaet thuusweert ende onderwinnes uus
  Ic wene wel hi heeft wat thuus
  Dat hi morghen vroech sal vinden
  Die keytijf hi moeste hem onderwinnen
  En conste hi niet gheswighen stille
- 20 Men speelt hier hedemeer om sinen wille Ende al met sinen quaden clappe Ic wil gaen sitten voer den tappe Ende drincken een goet hoet biden viere Tapt in tapt uut vanden biere
- 25 Tapt al vol haest u ter vaert
  God gheve hem ramp die hemer spaert
  Ic sal drincken sonder sorghe
  Levic nu ic sterve morghen
  Laet sien canicker niet an
- 30 Het riect wel bi sente Jan
  Ende nu wetic wel hoet smaect
  Siet hoe dit volc nu steet ende gaept
  Saechdi noit liede wildi mi copen
  Mi dunct en derf niet verre lopen
- 35 Om sotte te vane al sonder nette

A Crazy Peasant Play and a Good Crazy Play

#### Messenger.

Now listen, you gentlemen, and be quiet. It is said that he does not get his will, who is married to a bad woman, his suffering is renewed with it,

- because it is said, that there is no way
  to overcome a bad wife.
   And it is surely true. We shall show you
  here before you all in front of your eyes,
  beautiful examples about these matters.
- 10 Now be quiet and be peaceful, we shall play here immediately.

#### Neighbor.

We shall play here a piece of shit way above your heads.

God grant you shame and great laughter!

- 15 Go home and get mixed up in a mess like this. I really think, he has something at home, which he shall find tomorrow morning. The idiot, he had to interfere! And couldn't he keep quiet?
- 20 We play here today for his sake, and with him always babbling away! I'll go and sit in front of the pub and drink a good cup by the fire. Pour in, pour out the beer!
- Pour it full, hurry up!God punish him, who always holds back!I shall drink without worry.If I live now, I die tomorrow.Let's see, can't I reach it?
- 30 It smells good, by St. John!
  And now I know all right, how it tastes.
  Look, how these people stand there and gape!
  Have you never seen people? Do you want to buy me?
  - I think I don't need to run far
- 35 in order to catch fools.

Ay siet dese gapaerts bi Coels sette Men soude meer liede vaen dan musschen Ic moet drincken onder tusschen Baa wat duncket u maghict wel

40 Ghine siet hier hedemeer ander spel Hets sonder reden dat ghi hier staet

#### Wiif

Wat duvel hebdi hier ghemaect Ghi hebt ghemaect een onderhaspe Ic sal u op den velle tasten

45 Want wat ghi doet hets altoes quaet

#### Ghebuer

Ay jement van u allen gaet Ende hael elken een cussen onder sine voete

Maria moeder ende maghet soete
Entrouwen ghine hebt gheen scande in u
50 Besiet mi wel dunckic u een scu
Dit wonder en was noit ghehoert

### Hennen [Jan]\*

Ghebuer ghi schijnt harde sere ghestoert Hebdi iet dat u jeghen gheet

#### Ghebuer

En siedi niet dit volc hoet steet

55 Ende gaept op mi in mijn ghelach Het scijnt dat noit lide en sach Lieve ghebuer besiet besiet

### Hennen [Jan]

Ghebuer ghebrect u anders niet Ghebuer soe en clagic u niet sere

- 60 Want bi onsen lieven here
  Ghebuer ghi claegt al van gemake
  Want haddi al selken wijf thuus gelaten
  Als ic dies willic mi vermeten
  Ghi sout der lieden herde wel vergheten
- Daer ghi nu op sijt soe stuerAy ghebuer ghebuer ghebuerWijstijt hoe si sijn besteltDien hebben no cleder no pant no gelt

Ah, look at those gapers, by St. Nick's behind! We will catch more people than sparrows. In the meantime, I must drink. Bah! What do you think; may I?

40 You'll not see here a different play today. It's no use standing around here waiting.

#### Wife.

What devil did you do here?
You have mixed everything up.
I shall polish your hide
because what you are doing is all wrong.

#### Neighbor.

Ah, let one of you go
and fetch for everyone a pillow for under his
feet!

Mary, mother and sweet virgin,
in truth, you have no shame in you.

50 Look at me well! Do you think me a scarecrow?
You never heard of such wonders.

Jan.

Neighbor, you seem very much disturbed. do you have something bothering you?

#### Neighbor.

Don't you see these people, how they stand around

55 and gape at me to my disgrace? It seems, that they never saw people, Dear neighbor, look, look!

#### Jan.

Neighbor, if nothing else is the matter with you, neighbor, then I don't feel very sorry for you.

- 60 Because, by our dear Lord, neighbor, you complain in comfort, because if you had left at home a wife such as mine, I dare say you would soon forget about the people
- 65 you are now so angry about.
  Oh, neighbor, neighbor, neighbor, if only you knew, how those manage, who have no clothes, no property, no money,

Ende altoes thuus een quaet wijf venden
30 Si hebben wel alsoe groot ellenden
Als inden afgront vander hellen

#### Ghebuer

Ghebuer nu secht mi als gheselle Wat u ghebracht want ics begheert

#### Hennen [Jan]

- Ghebuer wetti wat mi deert

  75 Ic hebbe een quaet wijf als ghi wel wet
  Die mi altoes sceelt ende et
  Si sceelt mi tsnachts wel seven werven
  Soe sere mi dunct dat ic sal sterven
  Ende weerdic mi als si mi slaet
- 80 Si doets te meer soe eest al quaet Ende smekicse sine houter niet af Ghebuer dit es noch al een caf Want en es noch dach noch ure Sine maect mi mijn leven tsuren
- 85 Dit es een ordeel sonder ende Hoe soudic gheleven in dit ellende Hoe mach enech wijf sijn soe quaet Ghebuer ghi wet al minen staet Ic drincke gerne in die taverne
- 90 Dan comt si op mi scelden gherne Ende dan en steet mi niet tonberne Ic en moet met scoppe ende met scherne Met hare haesteleec thuus wert gaen Dan gheet si mi boken ende slaen
- 95 Mi dunct dat mi die rebben craken
  Ic weet wel si liet mi met ghemake
  Woudicse met mi leiden drincken
  Si soude haer selven oec wel scinken
  Ende drincken altoes als haer sal dorsten
- 100 Dan hout si niet op al soudse borsten Sine heeft den croes al uut ghelect Ende als haer anden croes ghebrect Dan setsi den pot an haren mont Soe en hout si niet op sine siet den gront
- 105 Ghebuer hier werdic met onteert
  Constic ghevinden eneghen keer
  Daer ic peis net mochte ghecrighen
  Dat icse met eeren mochte doen swighen
  Ic ware een here alle mine daghe
- 110 Mi dochte goet dat ic haer gave Ene pels of een goet roc laken

and even find a bad wife at home!

They have as great a sorrow as they will have in the abyss of hell.

#### Neighbor.

Neighbor, now tell me as a friend what is the matter with you, because I want to know.

#### Jan.

- Neighbor, do you know what hurts me?

  I have a bad wife, as you know well, who always scolds me and orders me around. She scolds me at night about seven times as much, so I think that I shall die.

  And if I defend myself when she hits me,
- she does it even more. Thus all is bad, and if I flatter her, she does not stop.
  And, neighbor, this is not even the worst, because there is neither day nor hour when she doesn't make my life sour.
- 85 This is an ordeal without end.
  How could I live in this misery!
  How can any wife be so bad!
  Neighbor, you know my whole situation.
  I like to drink in the tayern, but
- 90 then she likes to come and scold me and then I can't escape.
  I must amid ridicule and shame hurry home with her.
  Then she cuffs and hits me, until
- 95 I think that my ribs crack.
  I know that she would leave me in peace, if I would take her to drink with me.
  She would pour for herself, too, and drink as much as her thirst demands.
- 100 Then she doesn't stop even if she should burst, until she has licked up the last drop from the drinking cup. And if she doesn't have a cup, then she puts the pot to her mouth.

  Thus she doesn't stop until she sees the bottom.
- 105 Neighbor, with all this I am dishonored.

  If I could find any way
  to get peace,
  so that I could honorably make her keep quiet,
  I would be lord all my days.
- 110 I thought it good if I gave her a petticoat or a good piece of material for a skirt.

Si soude mi macschien in peise laten Mochtic peis hebben drie daghe Macschien het soude haer soe behaghen

115 Het soude dueren ses maent of seven Ende macschien oec al ons leven Ic salse smeken om hare quaetheit

#### Ghebuer

Lieve Jan dat es mi liet Dat ghi hebt eneghen onpeis

- 120 Ic swere u Jan bi sente Cleis
  Men moet verdraghen om beters wille
  Ende somtijts swighen al stille
  Al eest dat enen tjeghengheet
  Maer seker u doghen es mi leet
- 125 Si willen ghesmect sijn som die vrouwen Selc wilt met ghevene sijn ghehouwen Die selken willen sijn bescouwen Ende die selken al haer lijf gheblouwen Met goeden stocken over haer vel
- 130 Nochtan en doen si nemmermeer wel Ende bliven altoes even quaet Het dunct mi sijn die beste raet Versmeecse met giften of ghi cont Sprect vriendelike in alder stont
- 135 Si mochte haer quaetheit wel laten Het sijn quade wive die niet en saten Ghebuer doet dit het dunct mi goet

#### Jan

Gherne ghebuer metter spoet
Adieu ghebuer ic moet gaen
140 Nu laet sien hoe si mi sal ontfaen
Als si mi in huus siet comen

#### Bette

Siet ons vrouwe moeten verdoemen Waer hi comt datten god scende Die mi doet soe groten ellende

- 145 Met sinen drincken nacht ende dach Ic mach wel roepen "o wi o wach"
  Dat icken noit ghecreech te manne
  Nu gaet keytijf god gheve u scande
  Ende haelt water ende haest u snel
- 150 Of ic sal op u vel Met voeten terden U sal rouwen Dat ghi mi noit saecht entrouwen

Then perhaps she would leave me in peace. If I could have three days of peace, perhaps she would like it so much

115 that it could last six months or seven,and perhaps even all our life.I shall flatter her because of her badness.

#### Neighbor.

Dear Jan, I am sorry that you have so much strife.

- 120 I swear to you, Jan, by St. Nick, one must bear for the sake of the better and sometimes keep completely quiet, even if one dislikes it. But, truly, I am sorry for your suffering.
- 125 They want to be smacked, some women, some want to be kept with gifts, some want to be scolded, and some want to be beaten over the whole body with good sticks on her pelt.
- 130 Even so, they never do well, and remain equally bad.

  This seems to me the best advice:
  Flatter her with gifts, if you can, speak in a friendly manner at all times,
- 135 perhaps she will quit being bad.

  They are bad wives, who can't be peaceful.

  Neighbor, do that, it seems good to me.

Jan.

Gladly, neighbor, immediately! Goodbye, neighbor, I must go.

140 Now let's see, how she will receive me, when she sees me come into the house.

#### Bette.

Look, Our Lady curse him! Wherever he goes, may God curse him who makes me suffer so much

- I may well shout "Oh me, oh my," that I ever got him for a husband. Now go, idiot, God curse you! And fetch water and hurry up,
- 150 or I'll stomp on your hide with my feet. You shall regret that you ever saw me, indeed!

Hi es soe druncken hine can ghestaen Op sine voete vul corliaen 155 Gaet wel vollec van voer mijn oghen He is so drunk, he can't stand on his feet, the dirty no-account! 155 Just get wholly out of my sight.

Jan

Lieve Bette laet u ghenoeghen Seker ic en dranc noch heden

#### Bette

Ghi liecht al soude men u ontleden Waendi dat ics niet en gerieke 160 Ghi staet ende daesbolt als een kieken Gaet ende doet dat ic u hete Of ic gheve u selken smete Dat u craken selen die rebben

Jan

- Lieve Bette nu laet u segghen

  165 Mochtic tuwer vrienscap comen
  Bi gode het soude ons beiden vromen
  Woudi mi laten wesen here
  Drie daghe lanc ende dan nemmere
  Van onsen huse al gheheel
- 170 Ic soude u gheven selc juweel
  Hen es vrouwe binnen der straten
  Sine souder omme met peise laten
  Haren man al djaer dore
  Enen sconen pels goet ter core
- 175 Hebbic jeghen Peteren ghecocht Hi heeftse mi uut Inghelant brocht Dese seldi hebben wildi mi laten Drie daghe here sijn ende al met maten Wildise hebben so segghet mi

#### Bette

180 Tfi der pelsen tfi
Ghi hebse ghecocht ene ander tripe
Calle die sout mi verwiten
Te wies behoef datse ghecocht was

Jan

Lieve minne hets al ghedwas 185 Nemtse ende doet dat ic u rade Jan.

Dear Bette, let me reassure you! For sure, I have not drunk yet today.

Bette.

You would lie, even if it kills you.
Do you think I don't smell it?

160 You stand there and rave like a chicken!
Go and do as I tell you,
or I'll give you such a beating
that your ribs will crack.

Jan.

- Dear Bette, now let me tell you,

  165 if I could gain your friendship,
  by God, it would be useful to us both.
  If you were to let me be master
  for three days, and then never again
  of our house totally,
- 170 I would give such jewelry,
  there would not be a woman on the streets,
  who would leave in peace
  her husband throughout the years because of it.
  I have a beautiful fur of good quality
- 175 that I bought from Peter.

  He brought it for me from England.

  That you shall have, if you will let me be master for three days with all rights.

  If you want to have them, then tell me.

Bette.

180 Fie on the furs, fie!
You bought it for another belly.
Son of a whore, you'll let slip yet
for whose benefit they were bought.

Jan.

Dear love, it's all a lie.

185 Take them and do what I advise.

#### Bette

Ic sal want het mochte mi scaden Gaefdise ene ander hoeren dan mi Maer ic mochte wel segghen "tfi" Wiste jement dat ic mi vercope aldus 190 Maer maecter ons af een ghesus Ende willet niement te kinnen geven

Jan

Nenic soe moetic met eren leven Ic salder af swighen al puer stille

#### Bette

Nu doet dan al uwen wille
195 Ende sijt meester ende here
Drie daghe lanc ende nemmere
Nochtan saelt mi wel lanc vallen

Jan

Wey nu benic doch here van allen Hout mine huke gaet scommelen scuren

- 200 Waer sijn dese boffers nu mijn ghebueren Ic wets ic sal nu gaen drincken Saghicker eneghe ic soudse wincken Want ic wil drincken gaen vanden biere Si sitten nu bi haren viere
- 205 Ende haspen spillen die vul keytijfs Sine dorren niet drincken om haer wijfs Diese scelden ende verspreken Mijn wijf mochte haer liever breken Beide haer bene eer si dat dade
- 210 Want ic souse alsoe begaden
  Daer soude hem ander castien bi
  Tfi hen cockaerts tfi hen tfi
  Die hem haer wijfs dus dwinghen laten
  Seker ic sie wel hiers gheen bate
- 215 Ic wil gaen drincken sonder sorghen Want al en quamic niet voer morghen

Mijn wijf die souts wel sijn ghepait Si scuert si scommelt si spent si nait Ende doet haren orbore binnen huus

220 Daer sitsi stilder dan ene muys
Ende doet dbeste dat si mach
Ic wene noit man beter wijf en sach
Nu willic gaen drincken al versmoert

Bette.

I will, because it could hurt me if you gave it to another whore than me. But I might well say "fie" if anyone knows that I sell myself like this. 190 But let us agree secretly

Jan.

Oh no, upon my honor, I shall be completely quiet about it.

and let no one know about it.

Bette.

Now do your will
195 and be master and lord
for three days and no more.
Yet, it will seem long to me.

Jan.

Wow! Now I am lord of everything after all. Hold my coat tails! Go wash barrels! Scrub!

- 200 Where are those bluffers now, my neighbors? I know this, I shall now go drinking.

  If I see anyone, I will wink to them, because I am going to go beer drinking.

  They sit now by the fire
- and wind and spin, the dirty idiots.They dare not drink because of their wives, who scold and berate them.My wife would rather break both her legs than do that,
- 210 because I would fix her in such a way, that others could learn something from it. Fie those cuckolds, fie on them! Fie! who let their wives rule them so! Surely, I see, there is no profit here.
- 215 I shall go drinking without worry because, even if I didn't come back before tomorrow, my wife would be well satisfied.She scrubs, she cleans, she spins, she sews, and does her useful work in the house.
- 220 There she sits more quiet than a mouse and does the best she can.I think, no one ever saw a better wife.Now I want to go drinking, till I am drunk.

#### Ghebuer

Ghebuer heer drincken segt mi hoert 225 Ghebuer hoe hebdi ghevaren

Jan

Ic saelt u segghen al sonder sparen Maer ic moet emmer tiersten drincken

Ghebuer

Nemt den croes ic sal u schincken Drinct al ute hets goet bier

Hennen [Jan]

230 Ay mi god die brachte mi hier Dit bier hulpt mi in al mijn lijf

Ghebuer

Ghebuer nu segt mi wat seit dwijf Want wistict mi waers vele te bat

Jan

Ghebuer ic saelt u segghen plat
235 Ghi sijt mijn vrient uutvercoren
Mijn vernoy hebbic verloren
Als ghi noch heden wel selt weten
Ghi moet met mi comen eten
Ic bidts u ende u weerdinne

- 240 Ghi selt horen hoe ic met minnen
  Here vanden huse ben lude ende stille
  Ic mach nu drincken gaen als ic wille
  Sonder scelden van minen wive
  Ic ben ghehuut wel twintich jaer ende vive
- Dat ic daer binnen noit raste en gecreech
  Wat ic verdroech wat ic sweech
  Sonder op den tijt van nu
  Ende daer omme soe biddic u
  Dat ghi met mi wilt comen eten
- 250 Stappans ende dies niet en vergheten Want ic ben nu groet ende clene Meester vanden huse allene Comt haestelijc sonder letten

Neighbor.

Neighbor, sir, drinking? Tell me! Listen, 225 neighbor, how did you fare?

Jan.

I shall tell you without leaving a word out, but first, in any case, I must drink.

Neighbor.

You take the mug, I shall pour. Drink it all up. It's good beer.

Jan.

230 Ah me, God has brought me here. This beer helps my total well-being.

Neighbor.

Neighbor, tell me now, what did your wife say? Because if I knew, it would help me.

Jan.

Neighbor, I shall tell you straight forward.

- 235 You are my best friend.

  I have gotten rid of what annoys me, as you shall know even today.

  You must come and eat with me,
  I beg you and your lady of the house.
- 240 You shall hear, how I, by using kind treatment, am lord of the house in every way.I now may go drinking, as I want to, without a scolding from my wife.I have been married for twenty years and five,
- 245 in which I never had rest inside that house.
  What I suffered, how I kept quiet,
  up till now!
  And because of that I beg you,
  that you will go with me to eat
- 250 right now, and do not forget it,because I am now completemaster of the house alone.Come quickly, without hesitation.

#### Ghebuer

Gaet ende doet die tafel setten 255 Ic sal comen in saels niet laten

Jan

Ic sal gaen die tafel maken Volcht mi stappans ende brinct Betten

#### Ghebuer

Gherne ghebuer in sal niet letten
Lijsbet Lijsbet ghi moet gaen mede
260 Jan ons ghebuer heeft ons ghebeden
Dat wi met hem comen eten
Want hi heeft hem dies vermeten
Dat hi noit binnen sinen live
Soe wel en was met sinen wive

265 Als nu op den dach van heden Maer hine heeft maer sinen vrede Drie daghe lanc ende sijn respijt Maschien niet toter vespertijt Lijsbet ghi moetter u toe ghereden

### Wijf

270 Imberecht heeft hi mi oec ghebeden
Soe willic stappans mede gaen
Ic duchte dat hi niet lange en sal staen
Aldus in peise ende in rusten
Hem en sal ons niet sere te noden lusten

275 Begonste Bette te wesen erre Nu gawi Imberecht sonder merren Want het dunct mi herde goet

#### Ghebuer

Nu gawi haestelec metter spoet Men sal ons setten biden viere

Jan

280 Bette nu maect ons blide siere
Eest al ghereet om eten te gane
Hier sal comen dat ic wane
Ons ghebuer ende sine weerdinne

Neighbor.

Go and set the table. 255 I shall come. I wouldn't miss it.

Jan.

I shall go and set the table. Follow me immediately and bring Bette.

#### Neighbor.

Gladly neighbor, I'll not tarry.
Lijsbet, Lijsbet! You must come along.

260 Jan, our neighbor, has invited us to come and eat with him.
Because he has accomplished what never in his life before he could do, namely he has never done so well with his wife

265 as upon this day, today.

But he has his peace
and rest for only three days,
perhaps not till the evening meal.
Lijsbet, you must get ready for it.

#### Wife.

270 Imbrecht, if he has asked me too, then I will go along right away.I think that he will not remain long thus in peace and quiet.He won't have much desire to invite us.

275 when Bette begins to get mad. Now let's go, Imbrecht, without delay, because it seems very good to me.

Neighbor.

Now let's go quickly. Let's hurry. They shall put us by the fire.

Jan.

280 Bette, now make both of us very happy!
Is everything ready to eat?
Here comes, I think,
our neighbor and his lady of the house.

#### Bette

Seker eten es hier dunne
285 Ghi hebt recht dat ghi gaste bit
Want hier en es anders niet dan dit
Maer ic bens ghepait doetse comen
Sente Marie ghi hebt saen vernomen
Dat ghi here sijt vanden huus

290 Nochtan mochtijs wel sijn confuus Dadi eneghe dinc boven mate

Jan

Bette dese reden moetti laten Want ons ghebuer die sijn hier

Ghebuer

God ende sente Mechiel 295 Moet u hier in peise laten staen

Jan

Willecome ghebuer gaet dwaen
Sit daer ende u weerdinne hier
Ende ic sal sitten neven tfier
Bette lect hier sout ende broet
300 Ende al dat teten es cleine ende groet
Haelt ons wijn ende brinct ons nappe
In die herberghe voer den tappe
Dat heet die beste vander poort

#### Bette

Het hoet uwer moeder soort 305 Ghine selt mi niet lange aldus doen driven

#### Ghebuer

In hoerde noit van quaden wive
Die noit aldus wel was bestelt
Ic sie wel men doet vele om ghelt
Die mach gheven ende swighen stille
310 Hi doet altoes sinen wille
Nochtan seet men met ghenen dinghen
En mach men quade wiven dwinghen
Lieve ghebuer hoe mach dit sijn

#### Bette.

Truly? There is little to eat here!

285 You have a right to invite guests,
There is nothing else but this.

But I am satisfied with it, let them come.
By St. Mary, you have found out quickly what it's like to be lord of the house!

290 But he might yet feel embarrassed

Jan.

Bette, leave off talking like this, because our neighbors are here.

Neighbor.

God and St. Michael 295 keep you in peace here!

if he went too far.

Jan.

Welcome, neighbor, go wash your hands, sit there, and your lady of the house here, and I shall sit next to the fire.

Bette, put salt and bread here

300 and everything which is to eat big and small.

Get wine for us and bring us cups, from the inn across from the pub, and that means the best of the city.

#### Bette.

Let it shake your mother sore, 305 You are not pushing me around for long.

#### Neighbor.

I have never heard of a bad wife who became so well-dispositioned.
I can see, people do a lot for money.
She can give and keep quiet,
310 while he does what he wants.
In addition, I can see with what things we can overcome bad wives.
Dear neighbor, how can this have happened?

Bette

Nu drinct sere siet hier den wijn

Ghebuer

315 Willecome nu gheeft haer drincken

Bette

Bi gode ghi en dorft om mi niet schincken Wildi els iet dat laet mi weten Dat ic oec mach comen eten Nu segghet mi ende comes af

Jan

320 Bette hets noch maer een caf
Ghi moet ons compost gaen ghereiden
Die wi eten eer wi scheiden
Nu gae ende doetene slechts te viere
Ende en makes u niet diere
325 Het moet sijn dat seggic u

Rette

Ic hadde liever teten nu
Dan iet anders gaen te doene

Jan

Nu gaet ende sijt niet soe coene Dat ghijt laet want sonder lieghen 330 Hier souden slechts meer smeten vlieghen Omtrent u oren dan ouder grote

Bette

Ic hebbe liever dat ic ga lopen Ende doe dbeste dat ic can

Jan

En sprekic nu niet als een man
335 Men heeft gheseit oec over lanc
"En doech gheen eers sonder bedwanc"
Nu eet ende drinct mijn lieve gheburen
Ic sal haer die pelse maken te suere
Bi gode dat ic haer hebbe ghegheven

Bette.

Now drink hard! Look here is the wine.

Neighbor.

315 It's welcome, now give her to drink.

Bette.

By God! Don't pour one for me. If you want anything else, let me know, so that I may come and eat too. Now tell me and that will be an end to it.

Jan.

320 Bette, there is one more little thing.
You must prepare some pastry for us, which we will eat before we leave.
Now go and put it on the fire right away.
And don't make such a fuss!
325 It has to be, I tell you that.

Bette.

I would rather have something to eat now than something else to do.

Jan.

Now go and don't be so fresh, just stop, because, to tell the truth, 330 you'll quickly catch more blows around your ears than good grace.

Bette.

I would rather run and do the best I can.

Jan.

Don't I speak like a man?

335 It's been said for a long time:

"No arse is any good without discipline."

Now eat and drink, my dear neighbors.

I shall make her regret the furs,
by God, which I gave her

340 Om dat ic in peise soude leven Drie daghe ende here wesen

Ghebuer

Jan hier es ghenoech met desen Al en ware hier hedemeer el

**Bette** 

Nu proeft ghenoechti u wel 345 Hi dunct mi herde wel ghemaect

Jan

Hi en es niet hi es mesraect
Hi es te dunne wildi mi leren
Hoe men compost sal viseren
Gaet ende doeten weder over
350 Want ghi dunct mi al verscoven
Eest goet compost wat segdier af

Ghebuer

Mi dunct dat icken wel mach Ic sit beslabbert toten oren

Jan

Seker ghebuer soe moeti booren

355 Ende dan Bette seldi drincken Ende dan seldi mi stappans scinken Et tantos je buveray

Ghebuer

Ghebuer ghi sijt nu herde gay Het scijnt ghi sijt een verrot Wale

Jan

360 En duncket u niet an mine tale
Dat ic mijn wijf nu wel can dwinghen
Ic salse doen doer treepken springen
Eer ghi van hier scheden selt

340 in order to be able to live in peace for three days and be lord.

Neighbor.

Jan, there is enough food here with these, even if there were nothing more served today.

Bette.

Now taste it. Does it please you well? 345 I think that it is very well made.

Jan.

It is not, it didn't come out right.
It's too thin. Do you want to teach me how to make pastry?
Go and do it over again,
350 because it seems to me you are miserable.
Is it good pastry? What do you think about it?

Neighbor.

I think, that I do like it! I sit slobbered to the ears.

Jan.

Surely, neighbor, the pastry must come out this way.

355 And then, Bette, you can drink, and then you shall pour quickly for me, and then I drink quickly.

Neighbor.

Neighbor, you are now very happy! It seems, you are a rotten Welshman.

Jan.

360 And don't you think with regard to my manner of speech that I can indeed conquer my wife?I shall make her jump through a hoop before you depart from here.

### Wijf

#### Ghevader hoe sidi dus bestelt

- 365 Hoe hebdi u selven dus vercocht
  Die vint men dat men heeft ghesocht
  Soe doet u man oec dunct mi nu
  Hine wijst hoe meester sijn van u
  Sonder met desen scalken vonde
- 370 Ende blijft hi meester te desen stonde
  Wi selender om doghen het sal ons smerten
  Ghevader ic swere u bi Coels herten
  Eer ic om enen pelse verdroeghe
  Ic hadde liever dat icken sloeghe
- 375 Dat hi bloet spude die keytijf
  Ghi sout peinsen onsalich wijf
  Als u pelse of roc ghebrect
  Eest dat ghi twee woorde smekeleec sprect
  Soe seldi hebben dat ghi wilt
- 380 Ghi keert wel stappans uwen scilt Soe sidi meestersse als te voren Ende mach hi des comen te voren Die mans die selen onderlinghe Haer wijfs aldus willen dwinghen
- 385 Ende en es vrouwe binnen der straten Mach hi voert gaen metter saken Sine heves te wers om uwen wille

#### Bette

Lieve ghevader nu swijt al stille Bi Coels passie soe en salic oec

390 Ic hinghen mi liever inden roec In ons roecgat in ene mande Tfi god gheve den pelse scande Dat ic mi selven noit overgaf

#### Jan

Mijn wijf die loept nu wel den draef 395 Ic sal haer compost leren gherecken Of wi selen om tlanxte trecken Want meere sottinne en sagic nie

#### Ghebuer

Lieve Jan gheloves mie Hier es spise boven spise

#### Wife.

- Aunt, how did you get yourself into this position?
- 365 How did you sell yourself like this?

  We often find what we seek.

  Also, your husband acts like that, it seems to me, because he doesn't know how to be your master without this smart trick.
- 370 And if he remained master up to this hour, we would all suffer for it. It would hurt us all. Aunt, I swear to you by the brains of Saint Nick, before I submitted for the sake of a fur, I would rather beat him
- 375 till he spits blood, the idiot.
  You will regret it, unhappy woman.
  If you lack fur or a coat,
  then you speak two flattering words and
  you will have, what you want.
- 380 You best change your tune immediately, then you will be mistress of everything. And if he comes out on top, the men shall want amongst themselves to dominate their wives this way.
- 385 And there is no woman on the street who can carry on with her affairs, without being worse off because of you.

#### Bette.

Dear aunt, now calm down, by the passion of Saint Nick, I won't do it any longer.

390 I would rather hang him to smoke in a basket in our smoke hole. Fie! God curse the fur, that I ever surrendered myself.

#### Jan.

My wife now runs the chase very well.

395 I shall teach her to prepare pastry!

But we may risk everything.

But I have never seen a crazier woman.

#### Neighbor.

Dear Jan, believe me, here is food beyond compare. 400 Aldus salic u leren Lise Over maeltijt lopen ende rennen

Wijf

Bi gode daer en soudi niet vele ane winnen Soe en sal hi oec dat wetic wel

Jan

Ic wille dat si wese snel 405 Te doene dat ic haer bevele 400 This is the way I shall teach you, Lise, to walk and run during meals.

Wife.

By God, that will not help you much. and him not either, I know that well.

Jan.

I wish that she'd be quick 405 in doing what I order her to do!